Belmont Chronicle.

21. Clairsville, Ohio, Nov. 17.

Sdraged "Belmont Chronicle, St. Clairsville, Obie."



Fing of the free heart's hope and home!
By angel hands to valor given!
Thy stars have litthe welkin dome,
And all thy hoes were born in heaven.
Forever finat that standard sheet!
Where breathes the foe but falls before us,
With Freedem's soil beneath our feet,
And Freedom's banner streaming e'er as!

A Proclamation of Thanksgiv-ing by the President.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20, 1864. The following proclamation was premulgated this atternoon :

By the President of the United States of America. A PROCLAMATION.

It has pleased Almighty God to prolong our National life another year, defending us with his guardian care against unfriendly designs from abroad, and vouchsafiing to us in his mercy many and signal victories over the enemy who is of our own household.—
It has also pleased our Heavenly Father to
favor as well our citizens in their homes, as our soldiers in their camps, and our sailors on the seas with unusual health. He has largely augmented our free population by emancipation and by immigration, while he has opened to us new seurces of wealth, and has crowned the labor of our working-men in-every department of industry with abun-dant reward. Moreover, he has been pleased to animate and inspire our minds and hearts with fertitude, courage, and resolution suffi-cient for the great trial of civil war into which we have been brought by our adher-ence as a nation to the cause of freedom and bumanity, and to afford to us reason-

able hopes of an ultimate and happy de-liverance from all our dangers and afflictions. Now, therefore. I, Abraham Lincoln, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart the last Thursday in November next as a day which I desire to be observed by all my fellow citizens, where ever they may then be, as a day of thanks-giving and prayer to Almighty God, the beneficent Creator and Ruler of the universe; and I do further recommend to my fellow citizens aferesaid that on that occasion they do reverently humble themselves casion they do reverently humble themselves in the dust, and from thenee offer up pentent and fervent prayers and supplications to the Great Disposer of events for a return of the inestimable blessings of peace, union, and harmony throughout the land which it has pleased Him to assign as a dwelling-place for ourselves and our posterity throughout all generations.

place for ourselves and our posterity throughout all generations.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington, this 20th day of October, in the year of our Lord 1864, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-ninth.

ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

By the President. Beward, Sec. of State

LORD LYONS is lying dangerously ill at Washington of typoid fever, and his recovery is scarcely expected.

THE Chicago Journal says that nearly three hundred Rebel conspirators have been arrested in that city.

CAPT. WINSLOW, of the Kearsarge, landed at Boston on Tuesday, and immediately went to the poll of his district and voted the Union ticket.

THE Baltimore Sun says all the merchants arrested in that city for selling goods to blocksde runners have been released, and allowed to resume busi-

Ggs. Burnun's rule in New York is reported by the loyal papers of that city to cause great consternation among the Copperheads, and equal joy among Union men.

Robt. J. Walker has been appointed in his place.

GEN. SHERIDAN is reported to have fallen back to Newtown, about nine miles from Winchester, with the object of being nearer his supplies, which have now to be transported a distance of thirty-six miles in wagons, through a country swarming with guerillas .-This will be obviated in a few days by a railroad from Harper's Ferry.

COL. OULD, Rebel Commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, with the assent of the Rebel Secretary of War, has asked permission of Gen. Grant to have thirty thousand pairs of blankets purchased in New York for the use of the Rebel prisoners of war. He also requests permission of our Government to pay for these goods with a cargo of cotton, to be shipped from

THE little town of Chester, Ill., was Wednesday morning. Over a dozen houses were blown down, a church was entirely ruined, five persons were killed, and 12 or 15 wounded. The loss of property by the tornado is about 260,000. The town of Randolph, seven miles distant, also suffered severely .-Nearly all the houses in the place were to the front of the Lewis House, where

When the result of our glorious vic tory in the Presidential contest became known, it was decided that the Union people of St. Clairsville and vicinity should have a meeting to rejoice over the triumph, and in the last CHRONICLE it was announced that a meeting of that kind would be held on Friday night.-Every body on our side feeling good over the result, the mere announcement was sufficient to call out pretty much the whole of the Union people of the town and neighborhood, and at an early hour the ladies crowded to the Court House-the place always heretofore occupied by all parties for purposes of this kind-and were astonished to find the front door barred against them; but, thinking they were early, and that the house might not yet be open, they went to the back door, which they found open, and entered. They soon found after they entered, from the character of the crowd present and remarks made by some of the county officials, that there was a premeditated purpose on the part of those having possession of the Court House to prevent its occupancy for the purpose of holding the meeting. The Court House, however, filled up, principally with ladies, who had a right to presume that no one would attempt to exclude them from the house, or offer any insult to them. But in this they were mistaken, for an employe of the Clerk of the Court took occasion quite frequently to say, "There is too much crinoline in here," "There will be no meeting held here to-night," and

other similar expressions. About the time the house was pretty well filled, it was noised about that Judge Oker had ordered that there should be no meetings held in the Court House during the term. One of the officials so informed us, and, having previously heard that the Clerk of the Court had so declared, we asked Judge Cowen to go with us to Judge Oker's room, and learn whether he had made such order or not. Judge Cowen assented, and we called on Judge OKEY, who informed us that he had not been consulted-that he had made no order on the subject-that he had no control of the Court House, except while in it sitting on the bench-and that the Court House was under the control of the Sheriff of the county, in the absence of the Commissioners. The Sheriff was present during the interview, and said he had no objection to our using the Court House, so far as he was concerned, that he had always allowed us to use it heretofore, but that if any of the officers of the Court wished to use the house he would not turn them out to accommodate any meeting.

We then returned to the Court House, and Judge Cowen went up on the stand and asked the Clerk of the Court the moment of going to press. We and Justices who were opening the are now able to give a more satisfacpoll-books of the October election if tory account. they would please suspend their counting for a few moments, until the question whether we were to have the use of the Court House was decided. The Clerk of the Court threw himself back in his chair, and his feet up on the desk in front of him, and in a very pompous of the latter (James Brooks) is elected manner, said: "We will hear what the by only 8 plurality, and the Union men Judge has to say." Judge Cowen remarked that he had nothing to say until he knew whether we were to have the Court House or not. Some time elapsed without anything having been said, when we remarked that it appeared we were not to have the house, and it was well enough to know by whose ity for the Union ticket. God bless fault it was; that it had been stated her! No wonder the Rebel Copperthat Judge Oker had ordered that we heads want to get rid of her! should not have it, but that Judge OKEY THE report is renewed, and it is had said to Judge Cowen and ourself seemingly authentic, that Hon. W. P. that he had not been consulted, and Fessenden has resigned the Secretary- had made no order on the subject.ship of the Treasury, and that Hon. Here Jim Charlesworth-although the house was filled with ladies, and presuming upon the inpunity purchased for him by his wound, whether received from the enemy or from a musket in the hands of one of his own men we will not at present announce, and the protection he had secured for himself by collecting in the house a dozen or more of his friends, armed with revolvers-said, "That's a lie!" at which signal a number of his plug-ugly bullies ran up on the stand alongside of us, some with one of their hands in their pockets, as if grasping their revolvers, and others with their fists closed, gritting their teeth, as if waiting for a further signal from their leader. We then appealed to the Sheriff, who was present, and said to him: You were present, and heard Judge OKEY say what we have related, and you can settle this dispute with a word." Instead of meeting the matter as he should have met it, by saying that we had simply related what Judge OKEY nearly destroyed by a tornado on last had said, he replied: "I am not going a very great annoyance to the Opposito have any fuss here." We then told him that we did not want any fuss, and there would be no fuss there unless it

> The Unionists present then retired they went on with their meeting, and

unprecedented proceeding.

to know who was responsible for this

COPPERHEADISM EXEMPLI- | enjoyed themselves as well as the cold-

ness of the night would permit. After we withdrew from the Court House, the Copperheads held a meeting in it, and Jim Charlesworth made a speech to them, in which, we are told, he declared that the object of the Union men was to destroy the poll-books and prevent the election of their Sheriff county. and Auditor. He also said that it was all wrong for them to submit to such abuse as "Bill Carman" and other speakers had been in the habit of heaping on them, and he then thanked the Democrats present for the disposition they had manifested to sustain him.

The excuse made for holding the house was that they wanted to open the poll-books, and needed it for that us have the house. The answer was, There will be no meeting here to-

night." And yet he could suspend the mob he had gathered around him.

This excuse is a miserable subterfuge, behind which these beauties hope to screen themselves from the contempt their conduct richly merits, and which we are pleased to learn it is receiving from the more respectable of their own party. What right has Jim Charlesthat the Clerk of the Court, with the assistance of two Justices of the Peace, shall proceed to open the several returns which shall have been made to his office. Open them where? Clearly in his office, to which they have been return-If he has the discretion to open them in the Court House, he has the discretion to open them in the Johnson House, or at the Gazette office.-Besides, it has been the custom, ever since we knew anything about the matter, to open these poll-books in the Clerk's office until he himself set a dif-

ferent example this fall. We have made this plain and some what lengthy statement of this matter, and the people of the county will have no difficulty in getting at and understanding fully the object and purpose of those who have been the principal actors in it. As a dirty, contemptible political act, it exceeds in meanness anything that has ever come under our observation; and if endorsed and sustained by the leaders of the Democratic party, cannot fail to disgust the respectable portion of the party, and in any event must result in securing for those officials of that party who are responsible for it the contempt which such actions deserve.

THE ELECTIONS.

In our last issue we gave our readers all the election news we had up to

NEW YORK gives Mr. Lincoln 8,500 majority, and Fenton (Union) for Governor the latest figures indicate has 9,000 majority, and still rising!-The Congressional delegation stands: Union, 20-Copperhead, 11. One are confident they can prove frauds sufficient to oust him. We gain seven

In PENNSTLVANIA the Lincoln ticket

of her size.

MINNESOTA gives a Union majority between 5,000 and 6,000.

MARYLAND gives Mr. Lincoln 6,000 ajority on the home vote: INDIANA gives 30,000 Union majority.

In Mains the Union majority is 18,-00 on the home vote. CALIFORNIA gives Mr. Lincoln from

20,000 to 25,000 majority. The Chicago Journal has returns from all but four counties in Illinois, which foot up a majority for Lincoln of 30,000, a Union majority of 18 on joint ballot in the Legislature, and the election of 11 Union Congressmen out of 14, being a Union gain of six.

Omegon and Navada give from 2, 000 to 3,000 majority, each, for Lincoln. Mr. McClellan carries only the three

was forced upon us, but we did want vocabulary of slang in denouncing and gratify the insatiate desire for our abuse, au trresponsible concern was

started by the present Democratic Clark of the Court, under the title of "The Bell," without ostensible editor or proprietor, for the sole purpose of abusing and blackguarding us, in order to gratify the under-strata upon which the present Democratic party is foundedthe Plug Uglies and Thugs of Belmont

the even tenor of our way, battling against the errors and outrages of the party and its leaders in a bold and fearless manner, meeting with the aid and support of the respectable and intelligent portion of community, until the hatred of these leaders has become so intensified against us that they are anxious to get rid of us in some way or other. We have been informed that on last Saturday Wm. Kennon (Irish)-the purpose. We proposed to wait until recognized "head and front" of this Demthey were through with the opening of ocratic party-said, in the Court House, the poll-books, if they would then let that "the only way in which we can get rid of POORMAN is to kill him. "

We have no doubt but all these men want, some of them, at least, is an instrument reckless enough to carry out their purpose opening of the poll-books, or making and discretion enough to screen them from out the return, to make a speech to the the responsibility, to do just as KENNON says, "kill him.

If the object of this menace by Mr. KEN-NON, and others that have been made by his co workers in the cause of Secession, Treason, Revolution and Disunion, is to frighten us from our purpose to expose and denounce the outrages and wrongs purposed and perpetrated by the leaders of this Democratic party, we will inform him worth to take these poll-books out of and them that the breath they expend in his office until they are opened and the uttering them may just as well be saved, as return made out? The law provides they have no other effect than to satisfy us that our labors against them are not in vain, and to demonstrate the cowardice of those who utter them.

> Ir is now positively stated that Gen. McClellan sent in his resignation, with the request that it date from the 8th inst. Gen. Fremont resigned as soon as he was nominated for President-McClellan as soon as he was defeated; Fremont gave all his salary, while out of active command, to the Sanitary Commission-McClellan pocketed his.

> Capture of the Florida-One of the Most Daring Naval Achievements on Record.

The news which we announced yesterday norning, that the arrival of the famous steumer Kearsarge at this port had brought the intelligence of the capture in Brazilian waters by the Union gunboat Wachusett of the notorious Robel cruiser Florida, sent a thrill of surprise and delight through the community even in the midst of the excitement and anxiety of presidential election day. The joyful news spread over the city like wildfire, and was the universal subject of discussion and of mutual congratulation, until the interests of the congressional and national elections seemed almost to be national elections seemed almost to be forgotten in comparison. One our of reporters paid a visit to the Kersarge during the day, and by the kind courtesy of her officers, paymaster J. A. Smith being especially obliging, was enabled to obtain a detailed account of the singular affair in the bay of Bahis, comprising all the particulars which are accessible to the public.

The Confederate war-steamer Florida arrived at Bahis, Bay of San Salvador.

arrived at Bahia. Bay of San Salvador. Brazil, October 5th, having captured and burned the bark Monidamon, from Rio, off burned the bark Monidamon, from Rio, off Pernambuca, on the 28th of September. The United States steamer Wachusett, Captain Napoleon Collins, had been lying saveral days in the port of Bahia, and the Florida at first anchored in the offing. The Brazilian Admiral immediately sent her a message requesting her to come inside, which she did, anchoring in the midst of the Brazilian fleet, and close under the guns of the principal fort, which is located upon an island in the middle of the harbor.

island in the middle of the harbor.

Certain parties in Bahia, which is a commercial city of considerable importance, with one of the best harbors in the world, being interested in American affairs, be-stirred themselves to bring about an engage-ment between the Wachusett and the Florida, firmly confident that the result of such an encounter would be another Union victory as complete as that won last Summer in the British Channel. On the morning In PENNSTLVANIA the Lincoln ticket has from 15,000 to 20,000 majority on the home vote.

Massachusetts gives 80,000 majority for the Union ticket. God bless her! No wonder the Rebel Copperheads want to get rid of her!

Rhode Island gives Mr. Lincoln 5,061 majority. Pretty good for one of her size.

In Pennstlvania the Lincoln ticket in the British Channel. On the morning of the 6th of October they carried a challenge to Capt. Morris of the Florida, to move outside the limits of Brazilian jurisdiction and fight the Wachusett. The Rebel commander declined to receive the missive which the Brazilian residents had prepared, on account of some informality in its address. During the afternoon of the same days Hungarian citizen living in Bahia, and sympathizing with our Government in its struggle with Rebellion, waited upon Capt. Morris, and enleavored to induce him to consent to an action between his ship and the onsent to an action between his ship and the Union gunboat, but without success. Cap-tain Morris, however, stated that if he hap-pened to fall in with the Wachusett during a cruise, he should willingly engage in a contest with her, but that on no account would he consent to leave a safe harbor for the express purpose of having an engage-

All efforts on the part of outside parties to bring on a naval battle in open water between the two vessels proving unavailing, Capt. Collins promptly took into considera-tion the other means which suggested them-selves for ridding the seas of the most danselves for rigding the seas of the most dan-gerous enemy of our commerce. In the even-ing of the same day above mentioned, Thurs-day, October 6, he called a council of his of-ficers to debate the subject. An important element in the consideration was the fact that the convenient barbor of Babia has that the convenient hards to by any one of which the Florida could make her escape whenever the darkness of the night favored her purpose, without the possibility of one

Mr. McClellan carries only the three States of Kentucky (25,000), New Jersey (7,000), Delaware (500).

Mr. Lincoln's majority on the popular vote, we think, will reach 500,000. We elect 213 Electors—the McClellan men 21 only. It is the most unanimous election that has ever taken place in this country, with the exception of the re-election of President Monroe.

"RIEL HIM!"

We have known for a long time that our presence in this county has been a very great annoyance to the Opposition party. Its leaders frequently empty their vials of wrath upon us, and exhaust their almost boundless vocabulary of slang in denouncing and abusing us; and when the regular organs of the party (when there were two of them) seemed inadequate to gratify the insatiate desire for our majority on the popular very desperations for the same of the possibility of one Union vessel preventing it. It is stated that the council of officers was also possessed of information that the Florida had been able to greatedly seized and burned American ships within three miles of the coast of Brazilian in defiance of every law of neutrality. Without the slightest objection of any sort being made by the Brazilian authorities.

Taking into coasideration all the facts in the case, the council advised, with but one dissenting vote among all the officers of the Wachusett, that the conduct of seizing the Rebel cruiser at her anchorage should be carried out. Capt. Collins immediately gave the orders for accomplishing the design agreed upon, saying, that with the shadow of its above had made the step an imperatively necessary one. It may be remarked here that it was found from the harbor on the very acceptance of the Florida, that arrangements had been made for her escape without the slightest objection of any sort being made by the Brazilian authorities.

Taking into coasideration all the facts in the case, the council of florida and burned American ships within the coasideration all the facts in the case, the council of florida and brazilian authorities.

Taki

secrecy, and at about three o'clock in the morning of Friday, October 7, the cables were slipped, and the Wachusett bore down upon the Rebel vessel under full head of steam. Se little expectation was there of such a proceeding, that one-half the efficers and crew of the Florida, seventy in number, and including Captain Morris, were carousing on shore, and the remainder, having just returned from a similar absence, were in no condition to repel an assault. The Florida's officer of the deck supposed the collision which he saw to be imminent to be merely accidental, and cried out, "Yeu will run into us if yeu don't look cut." The design of Capt. Collins was simply to strike the Florida amidships with full steam on, crush in her side, and send her at once to the bot-Florida amidships with full steam on crush in her side, and send her at once to the bottom beyond the possibility of causing further trouble to any one. The Wachusett however did not strike her adversary fairly, but hit her in the stern, carrying away the miszen mast and mein yard. The Florida was not seriously injured by the collision, but the broken spar fell across the awning over her hatchway in such a manner as to but the broken spar fell across the awning over her hatchway in such a manner as to prevent her crew from getting on deck from below. The recoil which followed the shock carried the Wachusett back several yards. In the confusion which ensued several pistol shots were fired from both vessels, chiefly at random, and entirely without effect. Two of the guns of the Wachusett were also discharged by accident, according to one report, and, as another version has it by report, and, as another version has it, by order of one of the Union lieutenants. The shots did not strike the Florida.

Capt. Collins of the Wachusett, immediate.

atley thundered out a demand to the Rebel craft: "Surrender, or I will blow you out of The lieutenant in charge of the water." The lieutenant in charge of the Florida may be excused for considerable amuzement, but had still pre-snee of mind to reply. "Under the circumstances I surrender." Without the delay of an instant dozens of gallant tars boarded the prize and made fast a hawser connecting her with their own vessel, and the Wachusett turned her course seaward, moving at the top of her speed and towing the Florida in her wake.

The fleet of Brazilian vessels, which entirely surrounded the little space of water on which the brief battle had been fought, on which the brief battle had been fought, was so situated that the two American steamers were obliged to pass under the stern of the largest in order to penetrate their line. The Wachusett was challenged, but did not deign a word of reply, and the Florida, when hailed and commanded to halt a moment after, replied that a pause was impossible, as she was towed by the vessel in front. The Brazilians soon guessed the state of affairs, and in another moment or two the heavy gues of the fort, under the or two the heavy guns of the fort, under the very muzzles of which the capture had been made, opened fire on the Wachusett, as she disappeared in the morning darkness. Three shots were fired after her, all passing harm-lessly far above her pennant, and striking the water beyond.

To the reader it seems that all this must have taken a considerable time but the testimony of a careful officer on the Wahusett, corroborated by the surgeon of the Chusett, corroborated by the surgeon of the Florida, assures us that from the time the Wachusett first slipped her cable and steamed upon the Rebel cruiser to the moment when the echoes of the last gun from the Brazilian fortress had died away, was only twenty minutes by the watch. Certainly no page of history can show a more daring achievement or one avecuted with more achievement, or one executed with more briliant rapidity or more complete success. The Brazilian naval commander in Bahia

The Brazilian naval commander in Bahia harbor acted with all the promptness which could have been expected, and in a few moments the dawn of day disclosed two vessels of the Brazilian fleet doing their utmost to pursus and overhaul the Wachusett and her prize. They were a heavy sloop-of-war and a small armed steamer, neither of them any match in point of speed for the handlwork of New England merchants, and soon gave up the chase as the Union and Rebel steamers disappeared below the horizon. ers disappeared below the horizon.

Capt. Collins soon ordered the ships to

heave to and examined his prize. He found that neither vessel was materially damaged by the collision, and that there had been no injury to life or limb from the confused firing which followed it. Twelve officers and fifty eight men of the Florida's crew were captured, and all her stores, papers, records, etc., were found undisturbed in the cabin. The two vessels soon steamed for St. Thomas, arriving there on the 29th ult., and finding the Kearsarge already in port. It was intended to keep the matter at Bahia a secret at St. Thomas, but was accidentally revealed by a seaman of the Wachusett to one of the crew of the Kearsarge, and some hints of it got wind in the town, causing great excitement there. The Florida remained outside the bay, while the Wachu-

sett entered to obtain coal.
Acting-Assistant Paymaster W. W. Wil liams of the Wachusett, Surgeon Charlton of the Florida, and six of the crew of the privateer, were transferred to the Kearsarge, which sailed Oct. 31, and arrived here at midnight on Monday, as previously reported. Paymaster Williams being charged with dispatches for the Government, left by the earliest train yesterday morning for Washington. The Wachusett and Flerida were to sail from St. Thomas on the 2d inst. for New York, where they may now be daily

A Curious Story. There is a rich story current, whereof the

ubstance is as follows : The Rebel States by secret precencert had their Legislatures in session on the 8th inst., and each of them chose its quota of Presidential Electors, as though they had never assumed to secede from the Union.—
These Electors, in case their aggregate vote would suffice to give McClellan a majority over Lincoln, were to assemble on the first Wednesday in December, and formally cast their votes for McClellan and Pandleton, sending them on to Washington in due form and backing them by delegations to either House, should that be deemed essential. Then when the day arrived for officially counting the votes and declaring the result. the entire Opposition of all shades was to insist that McClellan and Pandleton were duly elected, and, if this were not conceded, break up the session in a row, and inaugurate a civil war from one end of the country to the other, the pres-The Rebel States by secret precen end of the country to the other, the present Robellion merging itself in the newer and more formidable, Jeff. Davis, Lee and Beauregard becoming alike lieutenants of McClellan!

McClellan!
This story is unsupported by published facts, and is essentially incredible. We receive it only as the coinage of some fertile brain, musing and brooding ever what might have been. If it has even a shred of fact beneath it, that fact must become apparent, and we shall await with interest its development.—[N. Y. Trib., Monday.

Grant Congratulates the Presi-dent on his Boulds Victory. CITY POINT, Nov. 10—10:30 P. M.

Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War:

Enough now seems to be known to say who
is to hold the reins of Government for the four years.
ongratulate the President for me for the

double victory.

The election having passed off quietly, no bleodahed or riot throughout the land, is a rictory worth more to the country than a

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TOTAL VOTE. THE HERE THE BEST SEE SEE | SEE | SEE |

Cherry Trees,

Assistant Assessor's Notice. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all whom it may concern, that any person residing in the Township of Wayne, Somerect, Warren, Goshien, Kirk wood, Flushing, Union and Richland, desiring to take out a license ALONZO P. MILLER.
ALONZO P. MILLER.
Assesser 2d Division, 18th Assessment Dist. Ohio

Eureka" Renovating Fluid

Administrator's Sale
of Real Estate.

In pursuance of an order granted by the Prebate
Court of Belmont County, Ohio, it will offer for sale
at public auction, on MONDAY, THE Star BAY OF
NOVEMBER, 1964, between the hours of 12 x and 4
r. w., on the premises, the following described real
castate, situate in the raid County of Beimont, to wit:
The Southwest quarter of the Northeast quarter of
Section eight (8), Township six (6), Tange Sve (6); contaming farry (40) acres, more or less.

Tenus or Sale: One-third in hand, one-third in one
year, and one-third in twe years from the day of sale,
with interest; the deferred payments to be secured by
mortgage upon the premises sold.

Oct. 10, 1864.5w

Howard Association,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THOROUGH-BRED SPANISH MERINO BUCKS. A T HARRISVILLE, O., on and after October 19th, A. L. Bingham and E. C. Eelfs will offer for cale a superior lot of Spanish Merino Bucks, prices ranging from \$100 to \$3,006.

from \$100 to \$3,000.

They will also stand two Bucks (not for sale) for Ewes, until Nov. 1st, and probably seens days longer, viz: 'Hibbard' and "Tiger," when they will be returned to Vermont.

'Hibbard' was awarded the First Premium at the recent Ohio State Pair, and \$5.000 offered for him and relused by the owners, they intend to keep him for a Block Buck.

Harrisville, Harrison Co., O., Oct. 8, 1684. oct3-4w

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

In Pursuance of an order granted by the Probate Court of Belmont County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction, on 6th day, the 6th of 13th month 1864, belween the hours of 18 and 4 o'clock, upon the 1864 belween the hours of 18 and 4 o'clock, upon the 1864 belween the following described real estate, situate in the following described real estate, situate in

Bellaire Property For Sale.

Watch Lost CONCENTRATED LYE Bath Bricks, Matches

Bank Statement.

CONDITION of the First National Bank of St. Chair Notes and bills discounted.
Furniture and fixtures.
Current expenses.
Taxes paid.

of St. Clairsville, do solemuly, awear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. C. WELDAT, Cashier. Sworn to and subscribed before me this the 3d day of bet, 1804.

FOR SALE CHEAP. N the town of Martinaville, of ACRES of GROUND, on which there is a with a good well of water, and a stable. There are about 1900 Grape Vince (2 and 3 years old) set out on the For terms, apply to the subscriber, on the presidence nos-lime.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

IN PURSUANCE of an order granted by the Probet Court of Belmont County, Obio, I will offer for sale proble suction, or SATURDAY, DECEMBER 3.

Petition for Divorce and Allmony.

Naomy Harper MaoMy Harper caused her po-lition to be filed in the effice of Hiram Harper. Me Clerk of the Court of Cogmon Pleas of Belmont County, Ohio, June — 1994, in the above named case, as high a divorce and alimony from the defination. Hiram Herper, her husband, for the cause of adultory with Berthena Wieden.

WEST VIRCINIA Bible, Tract and Religious

BOOK HOUSE, No. 22, Monroe St., Wheeling Is now receiving and will keep constantly of complete list of all the late hubblessions, we not at the lowest nublishers prices, with

HARRIS' NEW TIN SHOP ALL PERSONS

Housekeeping !! TIN WARE AND STOVES